In the beginning was Desire.

And it was Desire that

created the World ...

Sexuality and Social Work

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Is there a place for sex?

- What are the client situations and issues related to sexuality you have come across in your work?
- When you deal with these issues or situations, what challenges have you faced?
- What kind of knowledge and skills you think will best support your professional work?
- What kind of social, cultural, and organizational/ policy change will enhance your work?
- Do you anticipate change in your own values, beliefs, and behaviors related to sexuality as a result of this program?
- Can you describe some of these anticipated changes?

The Language of Sexuality

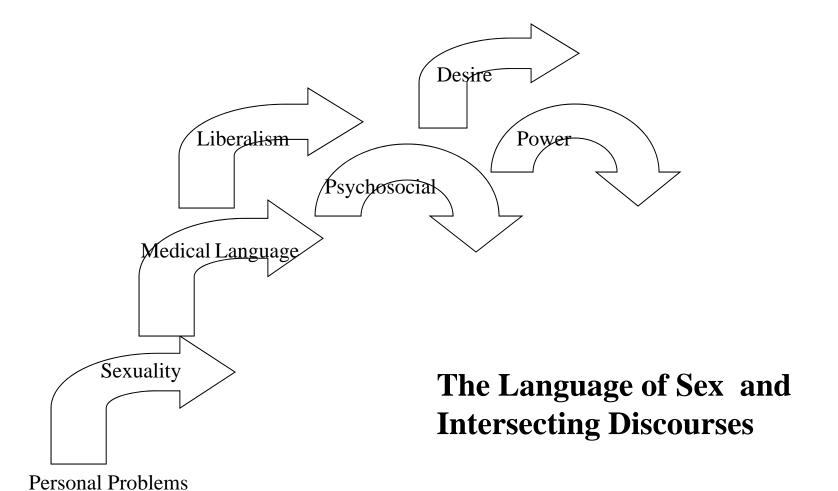
- Sexuality as a social construct
 - Not a universal concept
 - A particular way of organizing our life-world
- The language of sexuality from sin and crime to sickness and health
- Health as well-being the new metaphysics of the biological, the psychological, and the social
- Liberation and a new structure of social regulation

Imagining Sexuality

- Biological Dimension:
 - Genes, chromosome
 - Anatomy
 - Physiology
- Psychological Dimension:
 - Sexual drive
 - Sexual orientation
 - Sexual knowledge, attitude, and behavior
- Social Dimension
 - Social categorization of gender and sexual identity
 - Dominant discourse, social norm and conventional practice

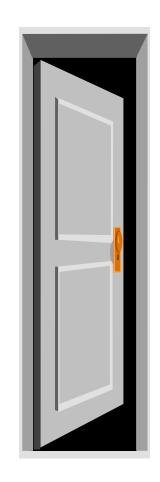
Imagining Sexuality The Other Dimensions

- Spiritual / Existential Dimension
 - Transcendence / Sacred
 - Ultimate concern / Superordinate structure
 - Metaphysics: holism versus Compartmentalization
 - Being, desire, connection
- Political Dimension
 - Power, control, domination
 - Political economy
 - Regulation, surveillance
 - Strategies of resistance/identification/being



Paradigm Shift - The World of Desire

- Desire and the ground of being – Putting the "being" back in well-being
- Desire as the driving force in human life
- Desire as appreciation, connection, and realization
- Desire as self-affirming, self actualizing, and selftranscending



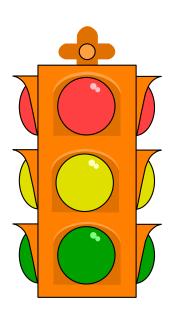
Healthy Sexuality: Regulating Desire



- The disease model pathologizing the socially undesirable
- Diseases or dysfunction materiality and social significance
- Health as normative medicalizing the socially desirable
- Community and diversity negotiating shared values

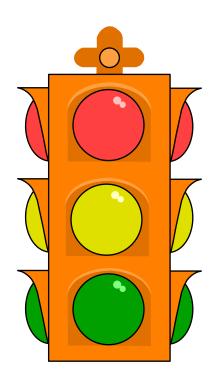
Regulating Desire: Institution and Discourse

- The Marriage Mystique
 - restriction and surveillance
 - socially constructed life-script
 - denial of the reality of desire, perpetuation of hypocrisy and passing
 - missionary position: propagated world-wide through imperialistic imposition and/or colonial implantation
 - marital sex and the perversion of desire family, private property, and commodification



Regulating Desire: Institution and Discourse

- Romance and Consumerism
 - Romance as consumption
 - Individuality and conformity
 - Resisting disciplinary practices and expanding our life-space
 - Desire and being human



Healthy Sexuality and Beyond

- Physical sexual well-being and the topology of pleasure - Beyond the Vagina Monologues
- Psychological sexual well-being and personal fulfilment - Beyond gratification of psychological needs
- Social sexual well-being Beyond socially scripted lives
- Erotic justice: The political as spiritual

Rethinking Sex

What are the forces that shape your current thinking, beliefs, values, attitude, and behavior?

- Religion, moral philosophy, ideology
- Personal history, family background, particular events or experience/exposure
- Culture, media
- Scientific/Professional knowledge
- Work of art, literature, movies etc.
- Social and environmental (e.g., school, housing, space)
- Significant others, peers
- Other forces/factors

The Dao of Desire

無欲則萎、反常合道



- Desire connects us to the ground of our being, and never stops expressing itself as long as we are alive
- Erotic desire seeks holistic connection with other human beings
- Holistic connection transports us to another realm of experience – Ecstasy
- Desire is fluid, unpredictable, overwhelming, awesome, and "dangerous" (associated with chaos and annihilation)

The Dao of Desire

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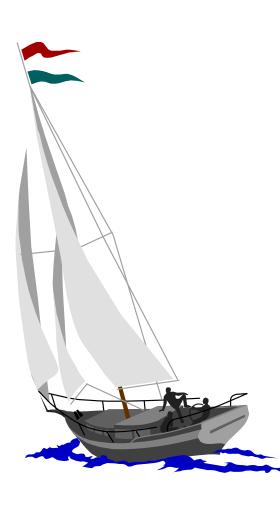
- Fear prevents desire from emerging, becoming, and realizing itself
- Many of us need a sense of order and control
- The quest for fulfilment and ultimate well-being involves risk - we need the courage to be (different)
- We can never have full knowledge and control we need faith
- Choosing transcendence is exciting but risky
- We can choose (or even desire) stability and order, but it is another path of faith

Workshop: Exploring The World of Desire

Desire is at the ground of our being.

It is the force that articulates who we are as human beings

- Desire drives our action and major decisions in life
- Desire engages us with the aesthetic
- Desire connects us with the being of the other
- Desire takes us beyond ourselves
- Desire transports us beyond the common-sense-world



Desire and Fear

What desire can do

- Overwhelm us, throw us off balance
- Expose our "lack" incompleteness, and vulnerability
- Inspire awe, scare us
- Take us beyond the commons sense world

What society teaches

- Value control
- Associate desire with guilt, moral inferiority
- Associate pleasure with danger
- To conform, follow rules, in order to be accepted

The Courage to Be: Risking Being Alive

- Desire is rarely allowed to emerge fully, for we do not give it the chance
- We take in what is socially desirable as what we really desire – To have, to do, instead of to be
- Society actually makes it dangerous for us to pursue our true desire (punishment, violence)
- We need to give ourselves a chance to connect with Desire
- Risk is inevitable, and we have courage and faith

Exercise: Give Desire a Chance

- Take five minutes, let your heart go, follow the emerging desire (life situation, state of being)
 - Do not censor or control any thought, idea, image
 - Let the situation/scenario emerge, and follow it through
- Quickly make some notes (for your own reference only)
- 3. Sharing with the small group (3 members):
 - What have your learned/discovered?
 - What are the voices, concerns, and/or fears that interfered with your process?

The Social Work Agenda – What do you think social workers should do with regard to sexuality?

Social Work Intervention

- Clinical practice: Therapy and counselling
- Psycho-educational programs
- Institutional practice (e.g., residential service), organizational practice
- Community practice and advocacy
- Policy and public discourse

Direct/Clinical Practice

- Allowing the space for client presentation
 - Respecting the client's being and desire
 - Establishing safety and trust, free of judgment
 - Facilitation (profile/image, setting, information to client)
 - Dealing with our own internal process
- Working with specific issues
 - Desire, sexual being, identity and self image
 - Intimate relationships (including diverse, unconventional ones, e.g., same-sex, bisexual, multiple, EMA, BDSM, etc.)
 - Sexual dysfunction
 - STD (including HIV/AIDS) and other sexual-health issues
- Building professional knowledge and skills an ongoing process

Psycho-educational Programs

- Indoctrination, control and disciplinary practice versus emancipation, liberation, and empowerment
- Objectives and learning outcomes to be established with regard to the participants needs and goals (desire)
- Recognizing the Knowledge-Action (K-A) Gap: The role of experiential and actionoriented learning

Institutional and Organizational Practice

- Social workers are often involved in the perpetuation and reproduction of social institutions; but at the same time we are supposedly agents of social change
- Institutional influence is most effective when it is invisible, naturalized and taken for granted (e.g., the desexualization of older people, individuals with developmental issues or physical challenge)
- Bringing about institutional or organizational change involves a dynamics of power
- Power and discourse: Strategies of resistance and being alliance building, subversion, discourse management, confrontation, etc.

Community Practice and Advocacy

- Community building: Alliance, identity, and membership
- Social movement as a matter of space: Propagation of ideas and bodies, (re) claiming of social space
- Discourse: Voice, articulation, and (re) production

Policy and Public Discourse

- Many public policies impact on sexuality, including housing, education, health, welfare, public security
- Policy and legislative changes involve political processes
- Public opinion, mediated and conditioned by public discourse, is a key process for social work
- Lobbying, public discourse management, and community organizing

Echoes to the Eschatological Laundry List*

(*borrowed from Sheldon Kopp's "If you meet the buddha on the road, kill him!")

- Life is difficult and full of risks
- You never know
- Pleasure can be dangerous
- You have to allow yourself to lose your grounding and to fall, in order to be in love
- Love can make you feel helpless
- There is no life without pain, suffering, and hurt
- It is worth it nonetheless